Addressing Regional Housing Needs Overview of RHNA Planning Considerations and Requirements Joseph Carreras Project Manager

Goals of RHNA Goals of RHNA

- Compliance with the law
- Accuracy of the projections
- Consensus of results on a uniform basis
- Fairness of the process, allocation and assessment
- Transparency so results are clear
- Link transportation and housing planning



What not to consider

Factors **Not** to Consider in Allocating Shares of Regional Housing Needs

- Certain Growth Controls
- Existing General Plan and Current Zoning

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Lower Income Needs

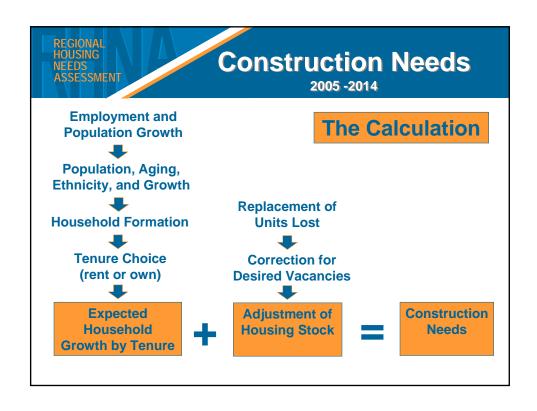
"A community may establish its maximum number of housing units by income category...

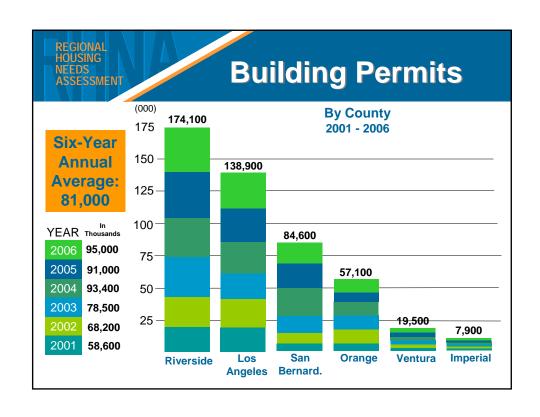
...below the number of housing units that would meet the community's share of the regional housing needs, if the community finds that its available resources...

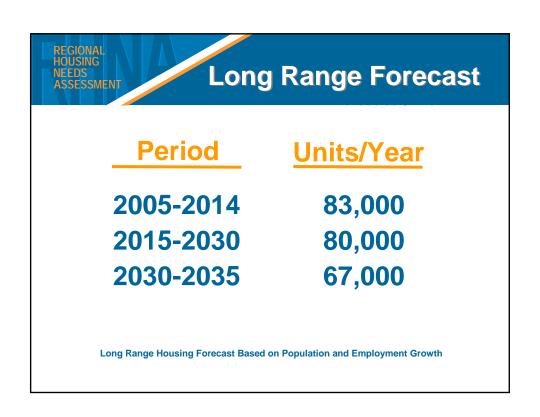
...are insufficient to meet those needs."

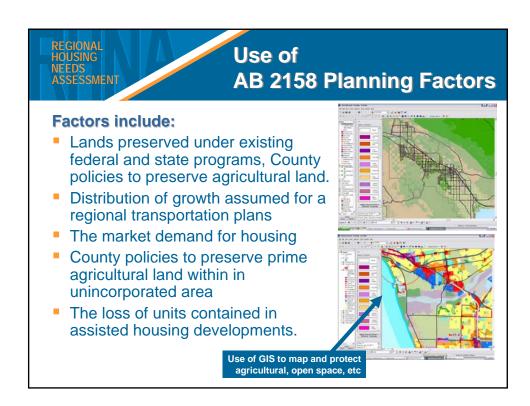
Attorney General Bill Lockyer - May 19, 2005











REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Use of AB 2158 Planning Factors

- Jobs-housing balance
- Lack of sewer or water service due to federal and state laws, regulations or regulatory actions, or supply and distribution decisions
- Availability of land suitable for urban development or for conversion to residential use;
- County policies to preserve Agriculture
- Housing Cost Burdens
- Needs of farm workers
- Other considerations as adopted by SCAG.

Factors and use of integrated growth forecast at a regional level define a longer term approach to housing planning



Distribution Guidance

- 1. Application of AB 2158 factors must not reduce overall need or need by income category
- 2. AB 2158 factors are the basis for determining development suitability between jurisdictions
- 3. AB 2158 factors are the basis for appeals
- 4. Alternative distributions may be proposed
- 5. Trade and transfer may occur between localities and subregions
- 6. Incentives to accept more than minimum

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Clarification

Need Assessment

Population in households

- Household growth
- Optimal effective vacancy rates by tenure
- Normal replacement rates
- Income group needs allocated across jurisdictions

Growth Forecast

Total Population

- Household growth
- Total vacancy need based on past trends
- Building type breakdown

<u>Household growth</u> is the key determinate in both approaches

Calculation Going from Household Growth to Construction Need 2005-2014 Household Growth Vacant Units Need (2.7%) Census Vacancy Rate Replacement Need 100% of DOF Demolition Permits Total Housing Construction Need Annual Construction Need 81,000

*SCAG 2007 Draft RTP Integrated Growth Forecast

REGIONAL HOUSING **Income Distribution** NEEDS ASSESSMENT **SCAG REGION 2000** Households **Percent Very Low** 1,280,044 24% 874,538 16% Low 971,168 **Moderate** 18% **Above Moderate** 2,265,239 42% **TOTAL** 5,390,989 100%

| REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT Diversity Goals | | |
|---|--|--|
| | 2005 - 2014 | |
| Total Construction Need (9 Years) | Annual Construction Need | Housing Goal |
| 175,850 | 19,539 | 24% |
| 117,234 | 13,026 | 16% |
| 131,888 | 14,654 | 18% |
| 307,738 | 34,193 | 42% |
| 732,710 | 81,412 | 100% |
| | Total Construction Need (9 Years) 175,850 117,234 131,888 307,738 | 2005 - 2014 Total Construction Annual Construction Need (9 Years) 19,539 117,234 13,026 131,888 14,654 307,738 34,193 |

Fair Share Guidance

 Allocation of a lower proportion of need by income category when the proportion exceeds the county average

REGIONAL HOUSING

> The housing statute calls for the allocation methodology to avoid or mitigate the over concentration of very low and low income groups



Key Policy Issues

- 1. Recommend a Fair Share Policy to avoid over concentration of households by income group
 - 110% of the Way Policy toward equivalency with the County income group distribution
- 2. Guidance on how to consider AB 2158 factors in the distribution of housing need
 - Housing Cost Adopt a higher future need effective vacancy rate in non-impacted localities (3.5% vs. census vacancy rate)
 - Loss of Assisted Units Provide Units at Risk data
 - Farm Worker Needs Provide data

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Key Policy Issues

3. Recommend an Appeals policy to guide alternative distributions, trade and transfer and redistribution of appealed units



Methodology & Policy Input

Written comments accepted up to adoption of final RHNA methodology:

- AB 2158 distribution factors
- RHNA fair share policy, etc.

Send to:

Joseph Carreras, Project Manager SCAG/ Regional Housing Needs Assessment 818 W. 7th St., 12th floor Los Angeles, CA 90017

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Opportunity for Input

- Noticed Public Hearings on RHNA Methodology
- Noticed Subregional Workshops
- Feedback at CEHD policy & subcommittee meetings on RHNA issues
- Requested briefings by RHNA staff
- RHNA web link on the SCAG home page http://www.scag.ca.gov
- Call us...Ma'Ayn Johnson 213.236.1975
- Email...Johnson@scag.ca.gov

